Recycled Water Exposure Scenario Child at Play





The child is 33-pounds and plays on the grass at a playground one day per week immediately following irrigation with tertiary-treated recycled water, which occurs six months of the year (26 days). He/she plays for one hour each day and his/her entire hands, forearms, and lower legs are wet with recycled water for the entire hour. The child indirectly ingests 10 milliliters of recycled water during each play session, which is estimated to be 1/5 the amount of water ingested by a child who swims for an hour. The exposures evaluated include absorption through the skin and incidental ingestion.

This is a high estimation of the amount of water to which a typical child at play could be exposed. This is done purposely to build extra margins of safety into the risk assessments in this study (see reverse). The scenario not only represents a child on a playground, but also at the park or on a school athletic field.

Explaining the Chart: The chart on the reverse is divided into four columns: column 1 lists ten Pharmaceuticals & Personal Care Products (PPCPs); column 2 explains a little about what these compounds are and how one might come into contact with them in the normal course of daily life; column 3 compares "acceptable" concentrations of these PPCPs to what is actually measured² in tertiary- or secondary-treated recycled water. Finally, using actual concentrations of PPCPs found in recycled water, column 4 shows the number of years that it would take, under the above scenario, for the child to be exposed to the equivalent of a dose (or normal daily intake) of the compound from conventional uses.

Interpreting the Numbers: Let's put it all together, using Ibuprofen as our example. Ibuprofen is an over-the-counter (OTC) non-steroidal anti-inflammatory pain reliever (column 2), such as Advil. Acceptable (safe) concentrations of Ibuprofen in recycled water used to irrigate landscaping, such as a park or school playground, have been calculated to be 890 micrograms per liter (ug/l) (column 3); actual concentrations measured in tertiary- or secondary-treated recycled water systems are typically less than or equal to 1/2 microgram per liter, which is far below levels considered safe. At actual concentrations, the child could enjoy playing, under the above exposure scenario, for 67,000 years before being exposed to the equivalent of one Advil tablet (column 4).

How much is a microgram? One microgram per liter is often expressed as one part per billion and is roughly equivalent to one sugar cube in an Olympic size swimming pool.

Why have only ten PPCPs been listed? There are currently hundreds of Pharmaceuticals & Personal Care Products (PPCPs) that can be detected in varying concentrations throughout the environment. For the purposes of this study, 10 chemicals were chosen for their associated health risks and/or recognizability. They were carefully selected to be representative of the PPCPs that are present in most recycled water used for irrigation purposes.

For more information, visit: www.athirstyplanet.com

This research and public information project (WRF-09-07) was funded by the WateReuse Research Foundation and participating utilities.

© Copyright 2011 by the WateReuse Research Foundation. All rights reserved. Permission to reproduce must be obtained from the WateReuse Research Foundation.



¹ Acceptable concentrations are calculated concentrations at which adverse health effects are not expected from exposure to recycled water. In other words, levels at which contact with the water is deemed to be safe.

² Actual concentrations are the 90th percentile concentrations presented in Monitoring Strategies for Chemicals of Emerging Concern (CECs) in Recycled Water; Recommendations of a Science Advisory Panel. Final Draft. California State Water Resources Board, June 25, 2010. This means that in a review of available studies in which PPCPs were measured in recycled water, 90 percent of the measured concentrations were equal to or less than the concentrations presented here.

(1) Pharmaceuticals & Personal Care Products - PPCP	(2) How Used/Where Found	(3) Acceptable (safe) vs. Actual Concentrations ug/l	(4) Relative Exposure at Actual Concentrations
Ibuprofen	Over the counter (OTC) non-steroidal anti-inflammatory pain reliever (NSAID)	Acceptable = 890 Actual = 0.5	Our child could romp on the playground for 67,000 years before being exposed to the equivalent of one Advil tablet
17-beta estradiol	Prescription hormone replacement	Acceptable = 0.39 Actual = 0.0084	After 160,000 years the child would be exposed to the equivalent of one dose of this hormone as it is typically prescribed
Fluoxetine DISTA PHOZAC 20 mg	Prescription antidepressant	Acceptable = 180 Actual = 0.031	After 220,000 years on the park lawn the child will have been exposed to the fluoxetine equivalent of one Prozac tablet
Sulfa- methoxazole	Antibiotic commonly used to treat urinary tract infections or sinusitis	Acceptable = 70,000 Actual = 1.4	After 1,900,000 years at play, the child will have been exposed to the equivalent of one prescription dose of this antibiotic
PFOS	Man-made fluorosurfactant formerly found in Scotchgard, numerous stain repellents, textiles, paper, and leather; in wax, polishes, paints, varnishes, and cleaning products for general use; in metal surfaces, and carpets	Acceptable = 630 Actual = 0.09	Our child can play for 46 years before he/she reaches the same exposure to PFOS it is estimated he/she receives in one day from other environmental factors
Bisphenol A	Commonly called BPA; an organic compound known to be estrogenic; used to make polycarbonate plastic (water bottles) and epoxy resins, along with other applications	Acceptable = 1,300 Actual = 0.29	After 22 years at the park, the child will be exposed to the equivalent dose of BPA it is estimated he/she ingests from food in just one day
DEET	N,N-diethyl-meta-toluamide (DEET) is the active ingredient in many insect repellent products	Acceptable = 18,000 Actual = 1.5	After playing on the wet lawn for 110 million years, the child will be exposed to the equivalent of one application of Deep Woods Sportsman Off to arms, hands and lower legs
Triclosan	Antibacterial agent found in soap, toothpaste, deodorant; and is infused in an increasing number of consumer products, such as kitchen utensils, toys, bedding, socks, and trash bags	Acceptable = 1,400 Actual = 0.49	It would take 17,000 years on the playground before our child is exposed to the equivalent amount of Triclosan that he/she would get from washing his/her hands with anti-bacterial soap for 30 seconds
Acetaminophen	OTC pain reliever	Acceptable = 57,000 Actual = 0.55	It would take 3,000,000 years of play before the child is exposed to the equivalent of one Extra-strength Tylenol tablet
Caffeine	Stimulant found in coffee, tea, chocolate, and other food items	Acceptable = 30,000,000,000 Actual = 0.90	To be exposed to the same amount of caffeine found in a typical cup of coffee, our child will have to play for 410,000 years